



**August
2013**

**Bill Haslam,
Governor**

TENNESSEE

Department of Labor and Workforce Development

The Labor Market Report

Hispanic Heritage Month

Congress authorized President Lyndon B. Johnson to proclaim the week that included September 15 and September 16, 1968, to be National Hispanic Heritage Week. In 1989, Congress expanded this to a month-long celebration from September 15 to October 15. During this month we celebrate the culture and traditions of those whose roots are from Spain, Mexico, and the Spanish-speaking nations of Central America, South America, and the Caribbean.

September 15th was chosen as it is the anniversary of independence of five Latin American countries: Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and Nicaragua. Mexico (September 16) and Chile (September 15) celebrate their independence during this time.

In the year ending on July 1, 2012, the United States had a population increase of 2.3 million. Of that amount 1.1 million (an increase of 2.2 percent from the previous year) were Hispanic. As of July 1, 2012, Hispanics account for 17 percent (53 million) of the U.S. population. Only Mexico, with a population of 112 million, has a larger Hispanic population than the United States.

The persons of Hispanic origin are from many countries around the globe. Hispanics who live in the United States are primarily from Mexico (65 percent), Puerto Rico (9.4 percent), El Salvador (3.8 percent), Cuba (3.6 percent), Dominican Republic (3 percent), and Guatemala (2.3 percent). The remaining 13 percent are from Spain and various Central and South American countries.

There were 37.6 million U.S. residents five years and older who spoke Spanish at home in 2011. Of this Spanish speaking group, 56.8 percent say they speak English "very well." In 1990 that number was 17.3 million (117 percent increase).

There are six other non-English languages spoken at home by over one million American residents. They are Chinese (2.9 million), Tagalog (1.6 million), Vietnamese (1.4 million), French (1.3 million), Korean (1.1 million), and German (1.1 million). There are 230.9 million Americans whose only language is English.

In the House

In 2012 there were 11.6 million Hispanic family households in the United States. Of those households 62.3 percent were married-couple households, and 60.4 percent had children under 18 years old living in that household. In those
(Continued on Page 2)

Country & Language

Hispanic Heritage Month is September 15 to October 15

households with minor children 45.3 percent had two parents who were employed.

State & County Population

More than 50 percent of the Hispanic population resides in California, Florida, and Texas. The following 21 states have Hispanic populations as the largest minority group: Arizona (1,976,106), California (14,537,666), Colorado (1,088,744), Connecticut (510,645), Florida (4,484,199), Idaho (185,160), Illinois (2,101,208), Iowa (162,894), Kansas (317,061), Massachusetts (674,359), Nebraska (179,970), Nevada (752,049), New Hampshire (40,042), New Jersey (1,641,398), New Mexico (979,722), Oregon (474,157), Rhode Island (138,549), Texas (9,960,900), Utah (379,436), Washington (807,599), and Wyoming (54,770). Vermont has the smallest Hispanic population (10,057). New Mexico has the largest percentage of Hispanics (47 percent). Los Angeles County, California has the largest Hispanic county population (4.8 million). Florida has the oldest Hispanic population with a median age of 34.

In the Economy

As of 2007, there were 2.3 million Hispanic-owned businesses in the U.S. that had gross receipts over \$350.7 billion dollars. This was a 58 percent increase from 2002. Hispanic-owned businesses were 23.7 percent of all businesses in New Mexico. In Florida and Texas the percentages were 22.4 and 20.7, respectively. This information is currently being updated for 2012.

There are 1.2 million Latinos or Hispanics who are veterans of the U.S. armed forces while 67.4 percent of all Latinos/Hispanics over 16-years old are currently in the labor force. Of those persons in the labor force, 19.2 percent (230,400) are employed in management, business, science, and arts occupations. Hispanics accounted for seven percent of the eligible vot-

ers in the last presidential election. They accounted for 8.4 percent of the total votes.

By Comparison

In 2011, the median household income in the U.S. was \$50,054. It was \$38,624 for Hispanics. The U.S. poverty rate was 15 percent. The poverty rate for Hispanics was 25.3 percent. Almost sixteen percent of the U.S. population lacked health insurance. That rate was 30.1 percent for Hispanics.

In 2011, 74.7 percent of all Americans over 25 had a high school education or greater. Only 63.2 percent of Hispanics had a high school degree or greater. Almost a quarter of all Americans (24.8 percent) had a bachelor's or graduate college degree while only 13.2 percent of Hispanics had a similar educational level. Of this 13 percent, 3.7 million had a bachelor's degree while 1.2 million had an advanced college degree.

Further information about the Hispanic population in the U.S. is available on the Census Bureau Web site at <http://www.census.gov/>

TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1983 to present

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Civilian Labor Force								
Year and Month	Total	Employed					Unemployed	
		Employ-ment	Nonfarm Employment				Number	Rate (%)
			Total	**Manu-facturing	**Trade	**Services		
1983	2,188.3	1,932.4	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	255.8	11.7 %
1984	2,233.5	2,026.4	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	207.1	9.3
1985	2,255.8	2,070.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	185.7	8.2
1986	2,291.2	2,110.7	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	180.6	7.9
1987	2,324.1	2,166.5	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	157.6	6.8
1988	2,333.6	2,197.2	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.4	5.8
1989	2,364.9	2,241.3	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	123.6	5.2
1990	2,401.1	2,269.0	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	132.1	5.5
1991	2,425.4	2,266.0	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	159.4	6.6
1992	2,479.5	2,316.7	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	162.8	6.6
1993	2,543.3	2,391.6	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	151.7	6.0
1994	2,645.7	2,511.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	134.6	5.1
1995	2,718.0	2,574.0	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	144.0	5.3
1996	2,758.3	2,611.0	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	147.4	5.3
1997	2,788.3	2,640.0	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	148.3	5.3
1998	2,811.7	2,685.2	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	126.5	4.5
1999	2,838.7	2,722.1	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	116.6	4.1
2000	2,871.5	2,756.5	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	115.0	4.0
2001	2,863.5	2,728.5	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	135.0	4.7
2002	2,867.1	2,715.0	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	152.1	5.3
2003	2,896.1	2,731.4	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.8	5.7
2004	2,904.4	2,746.2	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	158.1	5.4
2005	2,942.3	2,778.5	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	163.8	5.6
2006	3,008.9	2,852.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	156.4	5.2
2007	3,047.9	2,901.8	2,797.4	380.0	463.5	1,052.8	146.2	4.8
2008	3,056.9	2,854.0	2,774.8	361.0	457.0	1,058.2	202.9	6.6
2009	3,032.5	2,713.1	2,619.9	309.2	427.8	1,025.3	319.4	10.5
2010	3,079.7	2,777.2	2,615.3	298.9	423.5	1,041.2	302.4	9.8
2011	3,116.9	2,828.6	2,660.6	304.4	427.1	1,076.0	288.3	9.3
2012	3,113.6	2,864.2	2,714.3	313.5	434.0	1,112.1	249.4	8.0
2013								
January	3,106.3	2,842.0	2,703.3	315.8	436.1	1,105.2	264.3	8.5 %
February	3,091.7	2,838.1	2,720.5	316.7	432.0	1,120.9	253.6	8.2
March	3,102.4	2,850.8	2,737.4	317.4	433.5	1,127.8	251.6	8.1
April	3,110.7	2,862.8	2,763.5	317.8	437.5	1,146.7	247.9	8.0
May	3,124.2	2,864.3	2,771.6	320.9	440.5	1,151.3	259.9	8.3
June	3,143.2	2,866.3	2,750.9	321.7	441.7	1,156.4	276.9	8.8
July (r)	3,153.6	2,886.4	2,736.7	322.0	442.3	1,146.5	267.2	8.5
August (p)	3,116.5	2,858.1	2,753.5	322.7	442.2	1,151.0	258.4	8.3
September								
October								
November								
December (r)								

(r)=revised

**These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

(p)=preliminary

1990 because of changes to NAICS coding system.

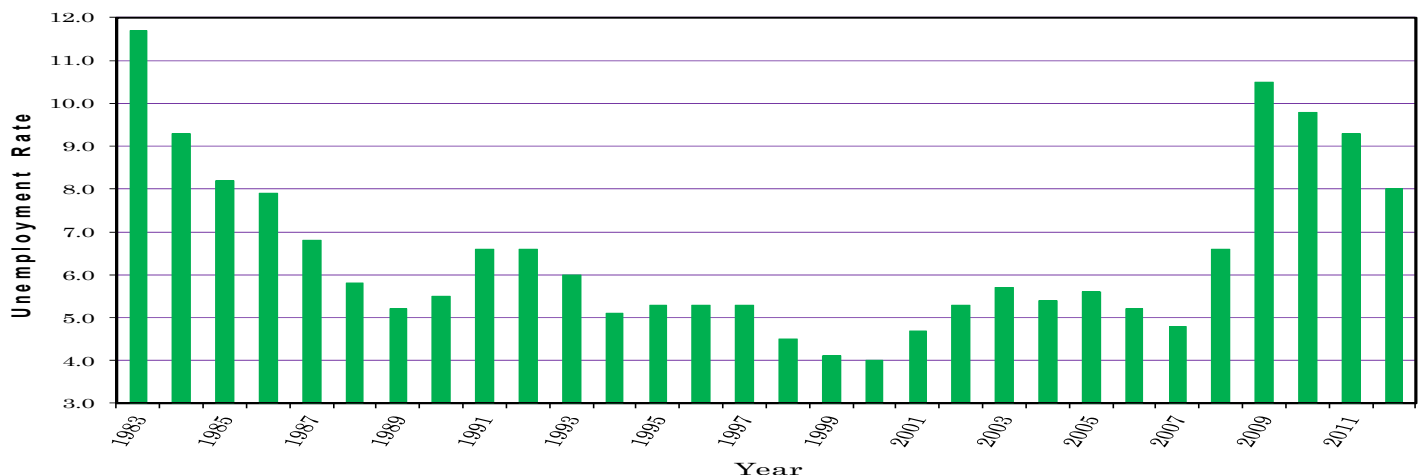
Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services, Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services.

County	Aug 2012	Aug 2013	County	Aug 2012	Aug 2013
Anderson	8.3	8.0	Lauderdale	12.4	13.6
Bedford	9.0	8.4	Lawrence	11.3	11.9
Benton	10.5	10.5	Lewis	10.7	10.4
Bledsoe	10.1	10.6	Lincoln	5.6	5.9
Blount	6.9	6.8	Loudon	7.0	7.5
Bradley	7.8	7.9	Macon	8.4	7.7
Campbell	10.5	10.4	Madison	8.5	8.8
Cannon	7.5	7.4	Marion	9.2	8.8
Carroll	11.1	12.1	Marshall	11.1	10.0
Carter	8.2	8.6	Maury	9.4	9.2
Cheatham	7.7	6.6	McMinn	9.1	9.2
Chester	9.5	9.1	McNairy	10.1	11.4
Claiborne	10.4	11.2	Meigs	10.1	9.6
Clay	9.4	9.7	Monroe	10.2	10.5
Coke	10.3	10.0	Montgomery	7.8	8.0
Coffee	7.5	7.7	Moore	7.2	7.4
Crockett	10.2	10.1	Morgan	10.5	10.5
Cumberland	8.8	9.0	Obion	12.9	11.2
Davidson	7.2	6.9	Overton	8.9	8.6
Decatur	9.7	9.7	Perry	11.7	11.4
DeKalb	7.9	8.0	Pickett	11.7	11.8
Dickson	8.1	7.3	Polk	8.8	8.7
Dyer	12.0	11.0	Putnam	8.1	8.2
Fayette	9.2	9.0	Rhea	10.7	11.2
Fentress	9.3	9.2	Roane	7.8	8.1
Franklin	8.0	7.8	Robertson	7.2	6.6
Gibson	12.0	12.5	Rutherford	6.8	6.8
Giles	9.2	9.5	Scott	17.4	16.2
Grainger	10.3	10.4	Sequatchie	7.5	8.5
Greene	11.1	11.1	Sevier	7.8	7.5
Grundy	9.1	9.3	Shelby	9.0	9.7
Hamblen	9.5	9.1	Smith	7.2	7.1
Hamilton	7.7	8.2	Stewart	9.6	8.3
Hancock	12.1	12.5	Sullivan	6.9	7.1
Hardeman	11.1	11.4	Sumner	7.0	6.8
Hardin	9.5	9.8	Tipton	8.8	8.9
Hawkins	7.9	8.0	Trousdale	7.9	8.6
Haywood	10.9	11.9	Unicoi	9.6	8.2
Henderson	10.6	11.7	Union	8.0	7.9
Henry	10.1	10.8	Van Buren	11.3	11.5
Hickman	9.1	8.0	Warren	9.1	9.2
Houston	9.7	9.5	Washington	7.3	7.7
Humphreys	9.3	9.0	Wayne	10.8	10.8
Jackson	9.0	9.7	Weakley	12.9	13.1
Jefferson	10.3	9.6	White	11.7	11.1
Johnson	9.7	9.7	Williamson	5.9	6.0
Knox	6.9	7.0	Wilson	6.7	6.5
Lake	10.7	10.4			

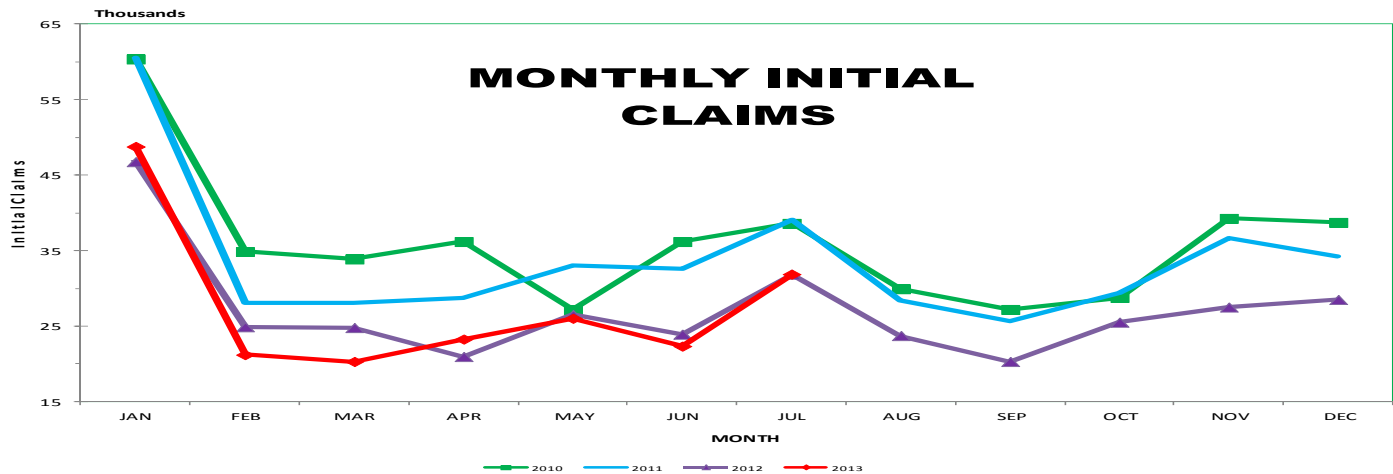
*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

Unemployment Rates 1983-2012



Statewide

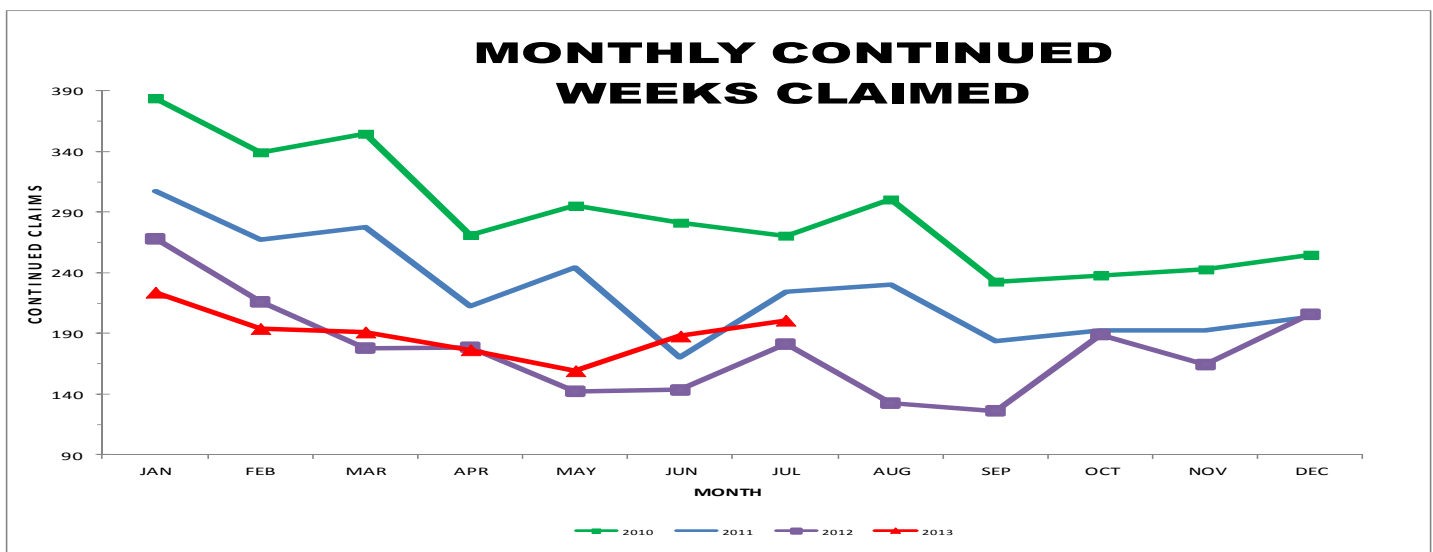
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES (MOST RECENT AVAILABLE)



BENEFIT PROGRAMS - JULY 2013

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM				FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS			
CLAIMS	July 2012	June 2013	July 2013	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEE	July 2012	June 2013	July 2013
Initial Claims	31,867	22,341	31,872	Benefits Paid	\$250,387	\$190,745	\$335,416
Continued Weeks Claimed	181,314	187,862	200,904	Benefit Weeks Claimed	797	678	1,109
Nonmonetary Determinations	5,272	5,569	6,439	Initial Claims	83	123	92
Appeals Decisions	2,273	1,814	2,561	Continued Weeks Claimed	721	758	985
Lower Authority	1,809	1,478	2,124	Appeals Decisions	9	4	11
Higher Authority	464	336	437	FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL			
BENEFITS				Benefits Paid	\$715,338	\$416,782	\$456,211
Amount Paid	\$45,536,079	\$51,060,378	\$36,955,862	Benefit Weeks Claimed	2,135	1,291	1,549
Benefit Weeks Paid	210,394	146,557	189,063	Initial Claims	132	129	129
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$231	\$233	\$232	Continued Weeks Claimed	2,058	1,406	1,471
First Payments	12,347	9,833	12,520	Appeals Decisions	12	3	6
Final Payments	6,913	4,644	5,525				
Average Weeks Duration	16	15	15				
Trust Fund Balance	\$612,864,917	\$771,276,576	\$764,062,153				

CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED - JULY 2013



Statewide

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	August 2012	July 2013	August 2013	Aug. 2012 Aug. 2013	July 2013 Aug. 2013
Total Nonfarm	2,716.7	2,736.7	2,753.5	36.8	16.8
Total Private	2,307.1	2,346.1	2,350.1	43.0	4.0
Goods Producing	429.0	432.8	433.0	4.0	0.2
Mining, Logging, & Construction	111.8	110.8	110.3	-1.5	-0.5
Manufacturing	317.2	322.0	322.7	5.5	0.7
Durable Goods Manufacturing	197.1	201.3	202.2	5.1	0.9
Wood Product Manufacturing	11.4	10.8	10.9	-0.5	0.1
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	12.7	12.7	12.8	0.1	0.1
Primary Metal Manufacturing	9.8	10.2	10.2	0.4	0.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	34.6	34.0	33.9	-0.7	-0.1
Machinery Manufacturing	26.0	25.9	25.6	-0.4	-0.3
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	5.7	5.9	5.8	0.1	-0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	18.0	18.6	18.4	0.4	-0.2
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	55.2	58.8	60.3	5.1	1.5
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	8.8	9.1	9.0	0.2	-0.1
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Durable Goods	14.9	15.3	15.3	0.4	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	120.1	120.7	120.5	0.4	-0.2
Textile Mills, Products, & Apparel	10.9	10.6	10.7	-0.2	0.1
Food Manufacturing	33.2	33.4	33.4	0.2	0.0
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	5.3	5.4	5.4	0.1	0.0
Paper Manufacturing	14.9	14.3	14.3	-0.6	0.0
Printing & Related Support Activities	9.5	8.7	8.7	-0.8	0.0
Chemical Manufacturing	24.4	24.3	24.2	-0.2	-0.1
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	20.1	20.1	20.0	-0.1	-0.1
Plastics Product Manufacturing	11.4	11.6	11.5	0.1	-0.1
Rubber Product Manufacturing	8.7	8.5	8.5	-0.2	0.0
Service Providing	2,287.7	2,303.9	2,320.5	32.8	16.6
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	573.9	584.1	584.3	10.4	0.2
Wholesale Trade	121.5	120.0	120.3	-1.2	0.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	61.6	61.3	61.3	-0.3	0.0
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	42.1	41.0	41.4	-0.7	0.4
Wholesale Electronic Markets	17.8	17.7	17.6	-0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	311.6	322.3	321.9	10.3	-0.4
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	40.2	41.9	41.7	1.5	-0.2
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	8.4	8.3	8.3	-0.1	0.0
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	25.3	27.1	26.8	1.5	-0.3
Food & Beverage Stores	50.8	50.0	50.3	-0.5	0.3
Health & Personal Care Stores	22.5	22.5	22.5	0.0	0.0
Gasoline Stations	21.0	21.3	21.2	0.2	-0.1
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	24.5	26.5	27.0	2.5	0.5
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	10.4	10.2	10.6	0.2	0.4
General Merchandise Stores	71.1	71.8	71.1	0.0	-0.7
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	16.0	16.5	16.3	0.3	-0.2
Nonstore Retailers	9.1	8.8	8.8	-0.3	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	140.8	141.8	142.1	1.3	0.3
Utilities	3.4	3.3	3.3	-0.1	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	137.4	138.5	138.8	1.4	0.3
Truck Transportation	54.5	55.1	55.0	0.5	-0.1
Information	42.9	42.4	42.2	-0.7	-0.2
Financial Activities	138.5	140.3	139.6	1.1	-0.7
Finance & Insurance	106.4	107.4	106.9	0.5	-0.5
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	32.1	32.9	32.7	0.6	-0.2
Professional & Business Services	338.8	344.6	349.3	10.5	4.7
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	109.7	116.2	116.3	6.6	0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	32.5	33.8	33.8	1.3	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	196.6	194.6	199.2	2.6	4.6
Educational & Health Services	392.2	396.5	397.9	5.7	1.4
Educational Services	47.8	47.7	48.3	0.5	0.6
Health Care & Social Assistance	344.4	348.8	349.6	5.2	0.8
Ambulatory Health Care Services	132.6	136.5	137.2	4.6	0.7
Hospitals	106.0	103.9	103.7	-2.3	-0.2
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	59.8	59.2	58.7	-1.1	-0.5
Social Assistance	46.0	49.2	50.0	4.0	0.8
Leisure & Hospitality	287.1	300.7	299.1	12.0	-1.6
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	34.4	39.1	37.3	2.9	-1.8
Accommodation & Food Services	252.7	261.6	261.8	9.1	0.2
Accommodation	35.2	36.9	36.6	1.4	-0.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	217.5	224.7	225.2	7.7	0.5
Other Services	104.7	104.7	104.7	0.0	0.0
Government	409.6	390.6	403.4	-6.2	12.8
Federal Government	50.1	48.5	48.5	-1.6	0.0
State Government	92.1	90.7	91.2	-0.9	0.5
State Government Educational Services	49.4	49.5	50.2	0.8	0.7
Local Government	267.4	251.4	263.7	-3.7	12.3
Local Government Educational Services	127.9	112.1	123.9	-4.0	11.8

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT & LABOR FORCE NARRATIVE

Total nonfarm employment increased by 36,800 jobs from August 2012 to August 2013. There were large seasonal increases in professional/business services (up 10,500 jobs), which included increases of 6,600 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services and 2,600 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; retail trade (up 10,300 jobs), which included increases of 2,500 jobs in clothing/clothing accessories stores and 1,500 jobs in both motor vehicle/parts dealers and building material/garden supply stores; and accommodation/food services (up 9,100 jobs), which included an increase of 7,700 jobs in food services/drinking places. Other significant increases were in health care/social assistance (up 5,200 jobs), which included increases of 4,600 jobs in ambulatory health care services and 4,000 jobs in social assistance combined with declines of 2,300 jobs in hospitals and 1,100 jobs in nursing/residential care facilities; transportation equipment manufacturing (up 5,100 jobs); arts/entertainment/recreation (up 2,900 jobs); and transportation/warehousing (up 1,400 jobs).

These increases were partially offset by declines in total government (down 6,200 jobs), which included decreases of 4,000 jobs in local government educational services and 1,600 jobs in federal government; mining/logging/construction (down 1,500 jobs); and wholesale trade (down 1,200 jobs).

During August 2013 nonfarm employment increased by 16,800 jobs. A majority of this increase occurred in local government (up 12,300 jobs), as schools opened for fall semester. There were other seasonal increases in administrative/support/waste management (up 4,600 jobs), transportation equipment manufacturing (up 1,500 jobs), and educational/health services (up 1,400 jobs). This was partially offset by a small decline of 1,800 jobs in arts/entertainment/recreation.

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for August 2013 was 8.5 percent, unchanged from the July 2013 rate.

The United States unemployment rate was 7.3 percent in August 2013. In August 2012, the national and state unemployment rates were both 8.1 percent.

Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate decreased in 77 counties, increased in nine counties, and remained the same in nine counties. There were nine counties with rates lower than 7.0 percent compared to six counties in the previous year. In August 2013, the lowest rate was in Lincoln County at 5.9 percent, down 0.1 percent, while the highest was in Scott County at 16.2 percent, down from 17.2 in July. Scott County's unemployment rate has declined for three consecutive months.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 2012 benchmark.

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

August 2012

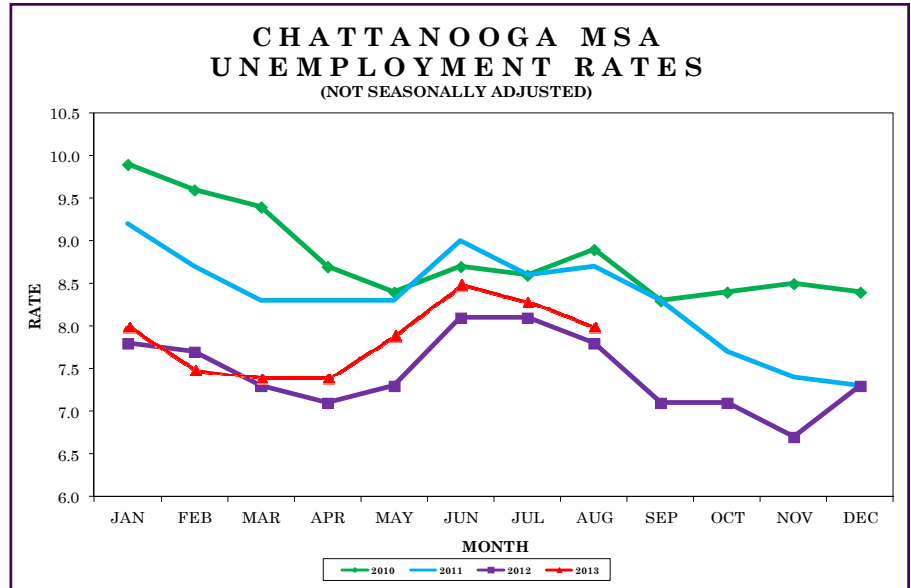
July 2013

August 2013

	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	154,647,000	142,164,000	12,483,000	8.1	155,798,000	144,285,000	11,514,000	7.4	155,486,000	144,170,000	11,316,000	7.3
TENNESSEE	3,108,400	2,856,600	251,900	8.1	3,116,900	2,850,600	266,300	8.5	3,107,900	2,843,400	264,500	8.5
Not Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	155,255,000	142,558,000	12,696,000	8.2	157,196,000	145,113,000	12,083,000	7.7	155,971,000	144,509,000	11,462,000	7.3
TENNESSEE	3,112,100	2,856,400	255,700	8.2	3,153,600	2,886,400	267,200	8.5	3,116,500	2,858,100	258,400	8.3
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	259,860	239,480	20,380	7.8	262,620	240,870	21,750	8.3	258,730	238,140	20,600	8.0
Clarksville	117,480	107,140	10,340	8.8	117,410	106,370	11,040	9.4	117,060	106,630	10,420	8.9
Cleveland	58,930	54,250	4,680	7.9	58,720	53,920	4,800	8.2	58,280	53,640	4,650	8.0
Jackson	57,770	52,770	5,000	8.7	58,930	53,670	5,260	8.9	57,410	52,330	5,080	8.8
Johnson City	99,410	91,720	7,690	7.7	98,260	90,450	7,810	7.9	97,720	89,930	7,790	8.0
Kingsport	147,040	135,830	11,210	7.6	146,930	135,560	11,370	7.7	146,030	134,950	11,090	7.6
Knoxville	365,330	339,410	25,920	7.1	374,450	347,620	26,830	7.2	368,340	342,190	26,160	7.1
Memphis	614,260	558,350	55,910	9.1	619,710	561,060	58,660	9.5	609,400	552,120	57,280	9.4
Morristown	62,930	56,690	6,240	9.9	62,120	56,090	6,020	9.7	61,860	56,000	5,860	9.5
Nashville	849,390	790,100	59,290	7.0	876,570	817,030	59,540	6.8	863,020	804,540	58,480	6.8
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Athens	24,800	22,550	2,250	9.1	24,410	22,110	2,300	9.4	24,160	21,950	2,210	9.2
Brownsville	8,960	7,990	970	10.9	8,740	7,700	1,040	11.9	8,910	7,860	1,060	11.9
Columbia	36,680	33,220	3,470	9.4	36,110	32,610	3,500	9.7	36,140	32,840	3,310	9.2
Cookeville	50,990	46,720	4,270	8.4	50,040	45,550	4,490	9.0	50,700	46,450	4,260	8.4
Crossville	24,660	22,490	2,180	8.8	24,700	22,430	2,270	9.2	24,820	22,590	2,230	9.0
Dyersburg	17,360	15,280	2,080	12.0	17,040	15,130	1,910	11.2	16,810	14,960	1,850	11.0
Greeneville	29,810	26,490	3,320	11.1	28,820	25,510	3,300	11.5	28,960	25,730	3,230	11.1
Harriman	27,380	25,240	2,140	7.8	27,580	25,290	2,290	8.3	27,280	25,070	2,220	8.1
Humboldt	21,340	18,780	2,560	12.0	21,220	18,510	2,720	12.8	20,820	18,220	2,600	12.5
LaFollette	17,280	15,460	1,820	10.5	17,470	15,610	1,870	10.7	17,370	15,560	1,810	10.4
Lawrenceburg	16,640	14,770	1,880	11.3	16,620	14,600	2,020	12.2	16,690	14,700	1,990	11.9
Lewisburg	12,530	11,140	1,400	11.1	12,460	11,140	1,320	10.6	12,530	11,270	1,260	10.0
Martin	16,250	14,160	2,090	12.9	16,510	14,130	2,380	14.4	16,080	13,980	2,110	13.1
McMinnville	17,830	16,200	1,630	9.1	17,510	15,700	1,810	10.3	17,610	15,990	1,630	9.2
Newport	16,730	15,010	1,720	10.3	16,150	14,470	1,680	10.4	16,090	14,470	1,610	10.0
Paris	13,860	12,460	1,400	10.1	13,790	12,280	1,510	11.0	13,540	12,080	1,460	10.8
Sevierville	51,170	47,160	4,010	7.8	52,250	48,240	4,010	7.7	51,550	47,680	3,870	7.5
Shelbyville	23,090	21,010	2,080	9.0	23,080	20,960	2,120	9.2	22,960	21,030	1,940	8.4
Tullahoma	50,830	46,920	3,910	7.7	50,550	46,420	4,130	8.2	50,240	46,370	3,860	7.7
Union City	17,250	14,970	2,280	13.2	16,820	14,720	2,100	12.5	16,540	14,600	1,940	11.7
Cities												
Bartlett	28,500	26,630	1,870	6.6	29,020	26,920	2,100	7.3	28,550	26,470	2,080	7.3
Brentwood	18,760	17,620	1,140	6.1	19,360	18,220	1,140	5.9	19,150	17,940	1,200	6.3
Bristol	12,920	12,090	820	6.4	13,130	12,080	1,040	8.0	12,940	11,980	960	7.4
Chattanooga	77,770	71,020	6,750	8.7	79,420	71,740	7,680	9.7	77,680	70,580	7,110	9.2
Clarksville	57,790	53,240	4,550	7.9	57,870	53,100	4,780	8.3	57,770	53,060	4,710	8.2
Cleveland	20,700	18,950	1,740	8.4	20,640	18,840	1,800	8.7	20,470	18,740	1,730	8.5
Collierville	21,660	20,250	1,420	6.5	21,900	20,470	1,440	6.6	21,570	20,130	1,440	6.7
Columbia	15,170	13,630	1,540	10.2	14,970	13,380	1,580	10.6	15,010	13,480	1,530	10.2
Cookeville	15,340	14,100	1,240	8.1	15,060	13,750	1,310	8.7	15,300	14,020	1,280	8.4
Franklin	34,910	32,870	2,040	5.9	35,970	33,990	1,990	5.5	35,480	33,470	2,010	5.7
Gallatin	14,300	13,150	1,150	8.1	14,800	13,590	1,210	8.1	14,510	13,390	1,130	7.8
Germantown	19,480	18,280	1,200	6.2	19,780	18,480	1,300	6.5	19,460	18,180	1,280	6.6
Hendersonville	28,510	26,640	1,860	6.5	29,460	27,550	1,910	6.5	29,030	27,130	1,900	6.5
Jackson	31,300	28,410	2,890	9.2	31,980	28,900	3,080	9.6	31,180	28,170	3,000	9.6
Johnson City	32,290	29,960	2,330	7.2	32,030	29,550	2,490	7.8	31,860	29,380	2,480	7.8
Kingsport	20,830	19,250	1,580	7.6	20,930	19,240	1,690	8.1	20,690	19,070	1,620	7.8
Knoxville	91,310	83,870	7,440	8.1	93,560	85,900	7,660	8.2	92,110	84,550	7,550	8.2
LaVergne	19,190	17,870	1,320	6.9	19,840	18,480	1,360	6.9	19,460	18,200	1,260	6.5
Lebanon	13,410	12,360	1,050	7.8	13,870	12,790	1,090	7.8	13,590	12,590	1,000	7.4
Maryville	13,130	12,170	970	7.4	13,490	12,460	1,030	7.7	13,270	12,270	1,000	7.6
Memphis	287,640	258,480	29,160	10.1	293,670	261,280	32,390	11.0	288,370	256,990	31,390	10.9
Morristown	12,970	11,660	1,310	10.1	12,780	11,540	1,230	9.7	12,750	11,520	1,230	9.6
Murfreesboro	59,910	55,610	4,300	7.2	62,360	57,510	4,850	7.8	61,180	56,630	4,550	7.4
Nashville	334,920	310,950	23,970	7.2	344,700	321,550	23,140	6.7	340,170	316,640	23,530	6.9
Oak Ridge	14,260	13,100	1,160	8.1	14,510	13,390	1,130	7.8	14,260	13,190	1,070	7.5
Smyrna	22,660	21,080	1,580	7.0	23,440	21,800	1,640	7.0	22,960	21,460	1,490	6.5
Spring Hill	15,570	14,570	1,000	6.4	15,960	14,900	1,050	6.6	15,790	14,750	1,040	6.6

Total nonfarm employment increased by 1,900 jobs from July 2013 to August 2013. Resumption of the school year caused an increase of 1,600 jobs in local government. Other seasonal increases were in leisure/hospitality and trade/transportation/utilities (both up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by a decline of 200 jobs in nondurable goods manufacturing.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 2,000 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs declined by 200 jobs while service-providing jobs increased by 2,200.



ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

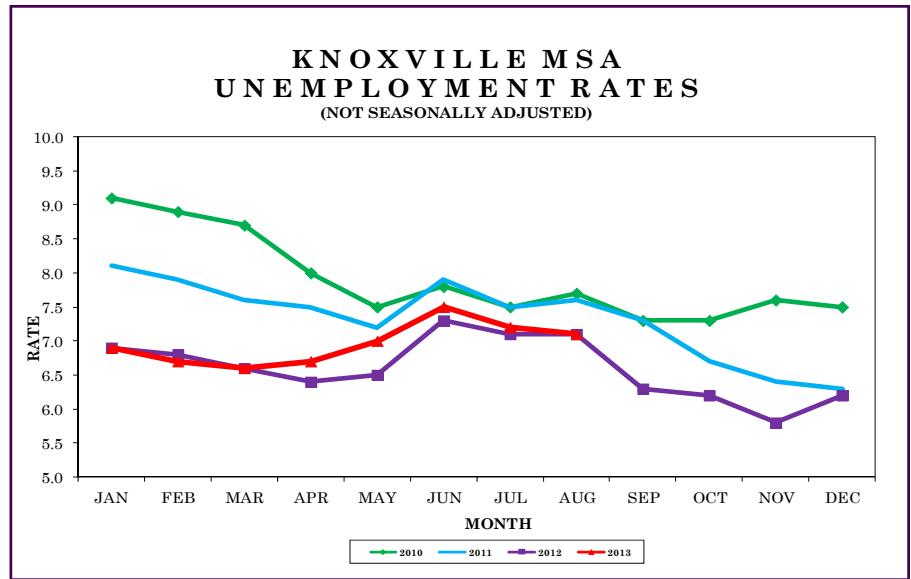
Industry	August 2012	Revised July 2013	Preliminary August 2013	Net Change Aug. 2012 Aug. 2013	July 2013 Aug. 2013
Total Nonfarm	235.6	235.7	237.6	2.0	1.9
Total Private	200.0	202.2	202.5	2.5	0.3
Goods Producing	39.9	39.7	39.7	-0.2	0.0
Mining, Logging, & Construction	8.8	8.6	8.7	-0.1	0.1
Manufacturing	31.1	31.1	31.0	-0.1	-0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	16.1	16.3	16.4	0.3	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	15.0	14.8	14.6	-0.4	-0.2
Service Providing	195.7	196.0	197.9	2.2	1.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	48.4	48.9	49.1	0.7	0.2
Wholesale Trade	8.1	8.1	8.1	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	24.4	24.7	24.8	0.4	0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	15.9	16.1	16.2	0.3	0.1
Information	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	17.3	17.1	17.0	-0.3	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	25.4	24.1	24.2	-1.2	0.1
Educational & Health Services	32.0	34.1	34.0	2.0	-0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	24.5	25.6	25.8	1.3	0.2
Other Services	9.8	10.0	10.0	0.2	0.0
Government	35.6	33.5	35.1	-0.5	1.6
Federal Government	6.4	6.4	6.4	0.0	0.0
State Government	6.5	6.6	6.6	0.1	0.0
Local Government	22.7	20.5	22.1	-0.6	1.6



Knoxville MSA -Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment increased by 2,900 jobs from July 2013 to August 2013. There were seasonal increases in local government (up 1,300 jobs), professional/business services (up 1,000 jobs), educational/health services (up 800 jobs), and mining/logging/construction (up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by a seasonal decline in leisure/hospitality (down 400 jobs).

Over the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 7,600 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs decreased by 100, and service-providing jobs increased by 7,700.



ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	August 2012	July 2013	August 2013	Aug. 2012 Aug. 2013	July 2013 Aug. 2013
Total Nonfarm	331.1	335.8	338.7	7.6	2.9
Total Private	283.8	290.7	292.2	8.4	1.5
Goods Producing	47.8	47.5	47.7	-0.1	0.2
Mining, Logging, & Construction	15.9	14.6	14.8	-1.1	0.2
Manufacturing	31.9	32.9	32.9	1.0	0.0
Durable Goods Manufacturing	23.4	24.2	24.2	0.8	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	8.5	8.7	8.7	0.2	0.0
Service Providing	283.3	288.3	291.0	7.7	2.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	68.4	69.8	69.8	1.4	0.0
Wholesale Trade	16.2	16.3	16.3	0.1	0.0
Retail Trade	41.2	42.6	42.5	1.3	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	11.0	10.9	11.0	0.0	0.1
Information	5.5	5.4	5.4	-0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	17.3	17.5	17.5	0.2	0.0
Professional & Business Services	49.4	50.7	51.7	2.3	1.0
Educational & Health Services	45.9	47.8	48.6	2.7	0.8
Leisure & Hospitality	36.1	38.5	38.1	2.0	-0.4
Other Services	13.4	13.5	13.4	0.0	-0.1
Government	47.3	45.1	46.5	-0.8	1.4
Federal Government	5.1	4.9	4.9	-0.2	0.0
State Government	15.1	14.2	14.3	-0.8	0.1
Local Government	27.1	26.0	27.3	0.2	1.3

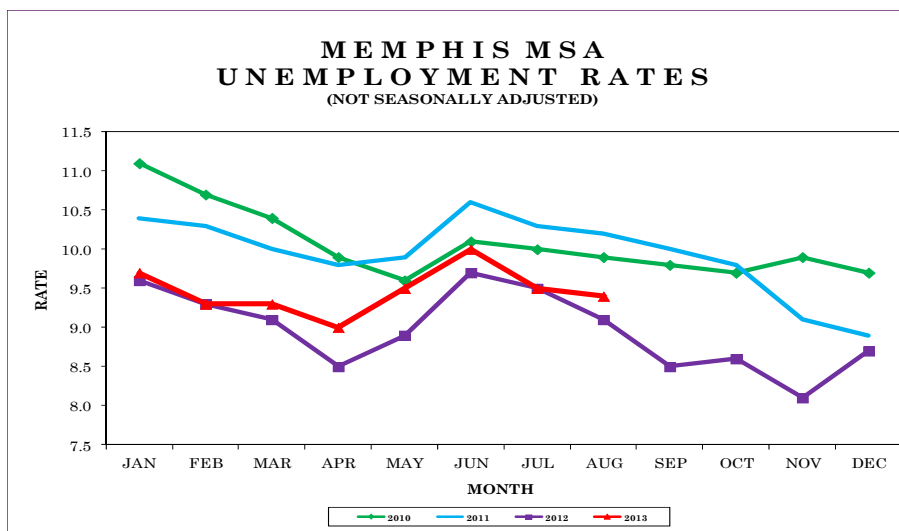


Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton. AR - Crittenden. MS - DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment increased by 3,900 jobs from July 2013 to August 2013. There were seasonal increases in local government (up 3,100 jobs), professional/business services (up 1,600 jobs), mining/logging/construction (up 900 jobs), financial activities and educational/health services (both up 400 jobs), professional/scientific/technical services (up 300 jobs), and manufacturing (up 200 jobs).

These were partially offset by seasonal declines in leisure/hospitality (down 1,600 jobs); and trade/transportation/utilities (down 900 jobs), which includes decreases of 600 jobs in transportation/warehousing/utilities and 400 jobs in retail trade.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 4,700 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,300, while service-providing jobs increased by 3,400.



ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	August 2012	Revised July 2013	Preliminary August 2013	Net Change Aug. 2012 Aug. 2013	Net Change July 2013 Aug. 2013
Total Nonfarm	602.4	603.2	607.1	4.7	3.9
Total Private	518.1	523.5	524.4	6.3	0.9
Goods Producing	66.4	66.6	67.7	1.3	1.1
Mining, Logging, & Construction	21.5	21.4	22.3	0.8	0.9
Manufacturing	44.9	45.2	45.4	0.5	0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	24.0	24.2	24.3	0.3	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	20.9	21.0	21.1	0.2	0.1
Service Providing	536.0	536.6	539.4	3.4	2.8
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	161.0	160.9	160.0	-1.0	-0.9
Wholesale Trade	33.7	33.4	33.5	-0.2	0.1
Retail Trade	62.8	63.1	62.7	-0.1	-0.4
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	64.5	64.4	63.8	-0.7	-0.6
Information	6.1	5.9	5.9	-0.2	0.0
Financial Activities	27.4	27.7	28.1	0.7	0.4
Professional & Business Services	83.3	85.6	87.2	3.9	1.6
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	18.5	20.2	20.5	2.0	0.3
Management of Companies & Enterprises	6.6	6.7	6.7	0.1	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	58.2	58.7	60.0	1.8	1.3
Educational & Health Services	85.3	87.1	87.5	2.2	0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	64.7	65.6	64.0	-0.7	-1.6
Other Services	23.9	24.1	24.0	0.1	-0.1
Government	84.3	79.7	82.7	-1.6	3.0
Federal Government	14.0	13.8	13.7	-0.3	-0.1
State Government	13.7	12.9	12.9	-0.8	0.0
Local Government	56.6	53.0	56.1	-0.5	3.1

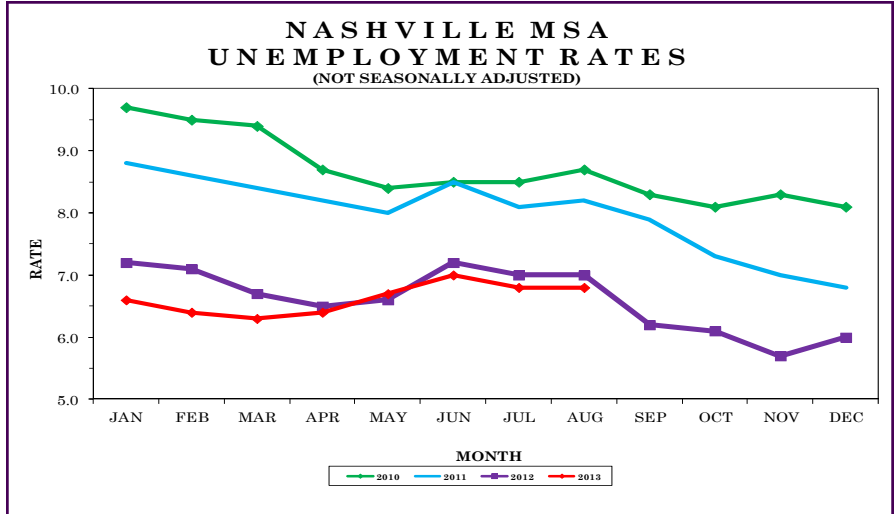


Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment increased by 6,300 jobs from July 2013 to August 2013. There were large seasonal increases of 6,000 local government jobs due to the start of the school year. There were also seasonal increases in administrative/support/waste management (up 1,300 jobs); educational/health services (up 300 jobs), which includes an increase of 200 jobs in health care/social assistance; and durable goods manufacturing and other services (both up 300 jobs).

This was partially offset by seasonal decreases in wholesale trade, retail trade, and leisure/hospitality (each down 400 jobs); and professional/scientific/technical services and mining/logging/construction (both down 300 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 26,300 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 5,500, while service-providing jobs increased by 20,800.



ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	August	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
	2012	July 2013	August 2013	Aug. 2012 Aug. 2013	July 2013 Aug. 2013
Total Nonfarm	788.6	808.6	814.9	26.3	6.3
Total Private	686.1	712.6	713.0	26.9	0.4
Goods Producing	100.7	106.2	106.2	5.5	0.0
Mining, Logging, & Construction	32.6	34.8	34.5	1.9	-0.3
Manufacturing	68.1	71.4	71.7	3.6	0.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	47.0	50.3	50.6	3.6	0.3
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	21.1	21.1	21.1	0.0	0.0
Service Providing	687.9	702.4	708.7	20.8	6.3
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	158.2	163.3	162.6	4.4	-0.7
Wholesale Trade	39.3	40.3	39.9	0.6	-0.4
Retail Trade	86.4	89.4	89.0	2.6	-0.4
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	32.5	33.6	33.7	1.2	0.1
Information	20.1	20.6	20.5	0.4	-0.1
Financial Activities	48.9	48.2	48.2	-0.7	0.0
Professional & Business Services	115.6	125.6	126.6	11.0	1.0
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	44.4	48.8	48.5	4.1	-0.3
Management of Companies & Enterprises	14.1	15.0	15.0	0.9	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	57.1	61.8	63.1	6.0	1.3
Educational & Health Services	124.2	126.8	127.1	2.9	0.3
Educational Services	21.3	21.4	21.5	0.2	0.1
Health Care & Social Assistance	102.9	105.4	105.6	2.7	0.2
Leisure & Hospitality	86.3	90.1	89.7	3.4	-0.4
Other Services	32.1	31.8	32.1	0.0	0.3
Government	102.5	96.0	101.9	-0.6	5.9
Federal Government	12.7	12.3	12.2	-0.5	-0.1
State Government	27.8	27.2	27.2	-0.6	0.0
Local Government	62.0	56.5	62.5	0.5	6.0

Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	July 2013 Revised	Aug. 2013 Prelim.	July 2013 Revised	Aug. 2013 Prelim.	July 2013 Revised	Aug. 2013 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	86,100	87,700	43,300	44,200	61,800	61,400
Total Private	66,600	66,800	38,500	38,700	49,400	49,400
Goods Producing	13,300	13,500	10,400	10,300	11,200	11,100
Mining, Logging, & Construction	3,400	3,400	1,800	1,800	2,600	2,600
Manufacturing	9,900	10,100	8,600	8,500	8,600	8,500
Service Providing	72,800	74,200	32,900	33,900	50,600	50,300
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	16,000	16,100	8,100	8,000	12,100	12,000
Wholesale Trade	N.A.	N.A.	800	800	3,200	3,200
Retail Trade	11,500	11,600	4,800	4,700	7,200	7,100
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2,300	2,300	2,500	2,500	1,700	1,700
Information	1,000	1,100	300	300	500	500
Financial Activities	3,100	3,100	1,400	1,400	1,700	1,700
Professional & Business Services	7,900	7,700	5,000	5,400	5,900	6,100
Educational & Health Services	11,100	11,100	6,200	6,300	9,800	9,900
Leisure & Hospitality	11,000	11,100	4,900	4,900	6,000	5,900
Other Services	3,200	3,100	2,200	2,100	2,200	2,200
Government	19,500	20,900	4,800	5,500	12,400	12,000
Federal Government	6,500	6,600	300	300	400	400
State Government	4,100	4,200	600	600	1,700	1,600
Local Government	8,900	10,100	3,900	4,600	10,300	10,000

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	July 2013 Revised	Aug. 2013 Prelim.	July 2013 Revised	Aug. 2013 Prelim.	July 2013 Revised	Aug. 2013 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	76,500	77,800	118,200	119,800	44,100	45,000
Total Private	61,500	61,600	104,200	104,400	37,700	38,000
Goods Producing	10,500	10,400	29,200	29,100	12,400	12,400
Mining, Logging, & Construction	2,900	2,800	7,300	7,300	2,000	2,000
Manufacturing	7,600	7,600	21,900	21,800	10,400	10,400
Service Providing	66,000	67,400	89,000	90,700	31,700	32,600
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	12,900	12,900	24,100	24,100	10,100	10,200
Wholesale Trade	2,000	2,000	4,800	4,800	2,000	2,000
Retail Trade	10,000	10,000	15,000	14,900	5,900	5,900
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	900	900	4,300	4,400	2,200	2,300
Information	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	400	400
Financial Activities	3,500	3,500	3,800	3,800	1,200	1,200
Professional & Business Services	8,700	8,900	9,600	9,600	3,600	4,000
Educational & Health Services	13,300	13,300	19,000	19,100	5,300	5,200
Leisure & Hospitality	8,900	9,000	12,700	12,900	3,500	3,500
Other Services	2,400	2,300	4,500	4,500	1,200	1,100
Government	15,000	16,200	14,000	15,400	6,400	7,000
Federal Government	2,700	2,700	900	900	300	300
State Government	6,200	6,300	2,300	2,300	1,300	1,300
Local Government	6,100	7,200	10,800	12,200	4,800	5,400

Clarksville MSA is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Grainger, Hamblen, & Jefferson counties.

U.S. Consumer Price Index — August 2013

Group	All Urban Consumers			Wage & Clerical Earners		
	Index	Percent Change		Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly		Yearly	Monthly
U.S. City Average						
All Items (1982-84=100)	233.877	1.5	0.1	230.359	1.5	0.1
Food and beverages	237.348	1.4	0.2	236.762	1.4	0.2
Housing	228.564	2.2	0.1	225.198	2.3	0.1
Apparel	125.767	1.8	1.2	125.422	2.1	1.4
Transportation	219.217	0.0	-0.4	220.595	-0.2	-0.3
Medical care	426.866	2.3	0.5	430.255	2.5	0.5
South						
All Items (1982-84=100)	227.837	1.7	0.1	226.119	1.7	0.1
Food and beverages	237.032	2.0	0.5	236.153	2.0	0.5
Housing	212.802	2.2	0.0	212.970	2.4	0.0
Apparel	134.981	3.3	1.0	135.014	3.3	1.1
Transportation	219.008	0.2	-0.4	219.556	0.0	-0.4
Medical care	407.328	2.7	0.6	413.834	2.9	0.7

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.
	2012	2013	2013	2012	2013	2013	2012	2013	2013
Manufacturing	\$695.10	\$689.83	\$719.35	\$16.55	\$17.16	\$17.46	42.0	40.2	41.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$727.58	\$722.02	\$747.14	\$17.16	\$17.74	\$17.96	42.4	40.7	41.6
Non-Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$641.39	\$634.30	\$670.24	\$15.53	\$16.14	\$16.59	41.3	39.3	40.4

ALL EMPLOYEE HOURS AND EARNINGS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.
	2012	2013	2013	2012	2013	2013	2012	2013	2013
Total Private	\$707.16	\$711.74	\$711.89	\$19.92	\$20.22	\$20.11	35.5	35.2	35.4
Goods Producing	\$858.22	\$841.87	\$861.52	\$20.73	\$20.89	\$20.86	41.4	40.3	41.3
Mining, Logging and Construction	\$830.63	\$863.92	\$878.22	\$20.87	\$21.02	\$20.96	39.8	41.1	41.9
Manufacturing	\$866.49	\$835.68	\$855.70	\$20.68	\$20.84	\$20.82	41.9	40.1	41.1
Private Service Providing	\$673.74	\$681.70	\$676.94	\$19.70	\$20.05	\$19.91	34.2	34.0	34.0
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$635.53	\$670.70	\$649.52	\$18.21	\$19.00	\$18.40	34.9	35.3	35.3
Information	\$886.40	\$960.22	\$948.68	\$22.67	\$25.47	\$25.64	39.1	37.7	37.0
Financial Activities	\$849.65	\$882.08	\$870.10	\$22.84	\$23.84	\$23.58	37.2	37.0	36.9
Professional and Business Services	\$901.92	\$880.84	\$892.53	\$24.71	\$24.40	\$24.52	36.5	36.1	36.4
Education and Health Services	\$722.45	\$717.58	\$719.61	\$20.82	\$20.86	\$20.98	34.7	34.4	34.3
Leisure and Hospitality	\$321.32	\$311.77	\$309.89	\$11.77	\$11.59	\$11.52	27.3	26.9	26.9
Other Services	\$600.32	\$642.20	\$640.61	\$17.92	\$19.00	\$19.18	33.5	33.8	33.4

TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES (Seasonally Adjusted)

